

FUNCTION

Thermostatic expansion valves are used to regulate and cut-off the flow of the heat transfer fluid that circulates inside air-conditioning system terminals (radiators, fan coils, etc.).

Thermostat control devices are used in combination with the thermostatic expansion valves to automatically regulate ambient temperature wherever they are installed, keeping the temperature at a preset value. This avoids the needless wasting of heat and provides a considerable saving of energy.

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES



840-842-852



841-843-853



844



845

THERMOSTAT CONTROL DEVICE



1100

PRODUCT RANGE

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES – COPPER, MULTI-LAYER, POLYETHYLENE PIPE

Angled

840	Angled thermostatic expansion valve	for multi-layer, polyethylene and copper pipe	M24x1.5	
842	Angled thermostatic expansion valve	for multi-layer, polyethylene and copper pipe	G1/2"	G1/2" – G3/8"
852	Angled thermostatic expansion valve	for multi-layer, polyethylene and copper pipe	G3/4"	G1/2" – G3/8"

Straight

841	Straight thermostatic expansion valve	for multi-layer, polyethylene and copper pipe	M24x1.5	G1/2" – G3/8"
843	Straight thermostatic expansion valve	for multi-layer, polyethylene and copper pipe	G1/2"	G1/2" – G3/8"
853	Straight thermostatic expansion valve	for multi-layer, polyethylene and copper pipe	G3/4"	G1/2" – G3/8"

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES – IRON PIPE

Angled

844	Angled thermostatic expansion valve	for iron pipe		
-----	-------------------------------------	---------------	--	--

Straight

845	Straight thermostatic expansion valve	for iron pipe		
-----	---------------------------------------	---------------	--	--

Pipe fitting and Radiator

G3/8" - G1/2" - G3/4"

G3/8" - G1/2" - G3/4"

THERMOSTAT CONTROL DEVICE

Item

1100	Thermostat control device with built-in sensor, with liquid-sensitive component
------	---

Code

821100AC20

Connection

M28x1.5

MATCHING FITTINGS

For heating systems with copper, polyethylene or multi-layer polyethylene pipes, use the following fittings to connect ICMA thermostatic expansion valves to the heating system:

Item

90	Patented SICURBLOC fitting for copper pipe
93	EUROCONUS O-Ring leak-proof fitting for copper pipe
98	Fitting for multi-layer, polyethylene pipe
100	Fitting for multi-layer, polyethylene pipe
101	Fitting for multi-layer and polyethylene pipe
119	Fitting for multi-layer and polyethylene pipe

Fitting Thread

G1/2" – M24x1.5
G3/4"
G1/2"
M24x1.5
G3/4"
G3/4"

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES

ICMA thermostat control devices can be installed on all thermostatic expansion valves of this line to convert heating systems with **manual** operating mode to **automatic** operating mode.

To install the thermostat control device, simply replace the thermostatic expansion valve knob with an ICMA thermostat control device. This is done with a few easy operations. These are described in detail in the paragraph "Thermostat Control Device Installation and Regulation".

The valves come in "straight" and "angled" versions so that they can be connected to two different types of pipes, at the side of the heating system:

- The valves with GAS thread (side of heating system) are designed for connection to a steel pipe.
- The valves with standard ICMA thread (side of heating system) are designed for connection to a copper pipe, a polyethylene pipe and a multi-layer polyethylene pipe, for which specific pipe fittings are provided.

The valves are also equipped with a rubber, water-sealed socket. This allows the valve to be connected to the radiator easily and safely without the use of a sealant.

Pressure loss can be detected by following the indications provided in the diagrams shown in the paragraph "Fluid Dynamic Characteristics".

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Performance

Fluids used:	Water and glycol solutions
Maximum percentage of glycol:	50%
Maximum operating pressure:	10 Bar
Maximum differential pressure:	1 Bar (with control device mounted)
Temperature of heat transfer fluid:	5 to 120°C
Valve obturator travel:	3.5 mm
Connection with thermostat control devices:	M28x1.5

Materials

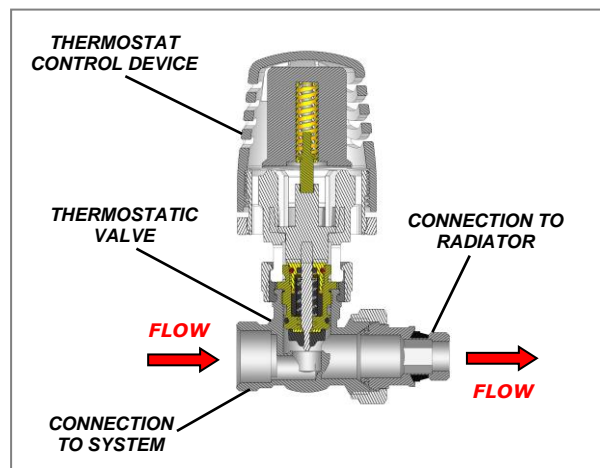
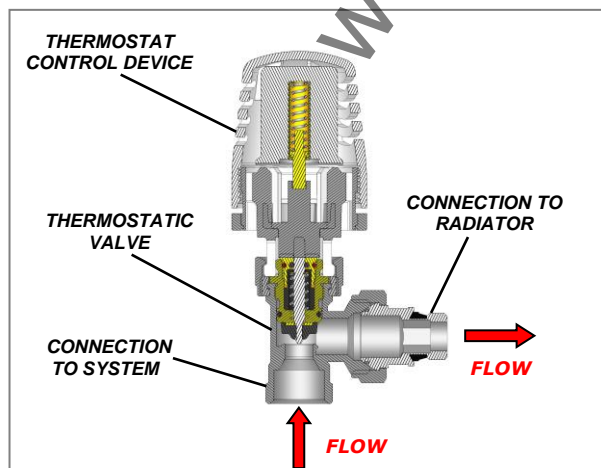
Body, cap and socket union:	CW617N Brass - UNI 12165 – Nickel-plated
Large screw:	CW614N Brass - UNI 12164
Spring and obturator control rod:	Stainless steel
Liquid sealings:	Peroxy EPDM
Control knob:	RAL 9010 ABS White

VALVE INSTALLATION

Install ICMA thermostatic expansion valves on the heating system making sure to observe the direction of flow. The fluid must enter from the side on which the valve is connected to the system and go out toward the heating body.

The following problems can occur if the valve is installed incorrectly:

- A noise similar to a continuous sound of heavy hammering is due to the passage of fluid through the valve in the wrong direction. This problem can only be solved by inverting the valve with holder on radiators that have this problem, thus restoring the correct direction of flow of the fluid inside the valve.
- A noise similar to a sound of heavy whistling during the succession of specified on and off times is due to an excessive flow inside the valve. This problem can be solved by keeping the system pressure under control, and equipping the system with variable rotation pumps along with differential pressure regulators, or by making use of differential by-pass valves.



THERMOSTAT CONTROL DEVICE

Thermostat control devices are used to regulate ambient temperatures automatically wherever they are installed so that the temperature is kept at a preset value.

Residential and working environments often contain other sources of heat, such as electrical appliances, stove-top cookers, computers, servers, and simple sunlight. Combined with the heating system, these additional heat sources cause a needless, uncontrolled increase in ambient temperature and the wasting of heat. Thermostat control devices detect variations in ambient temperature in the environments in which they are installed making it possible to keep the heat supplied by the heating system at optimal temperatures and to provide a considerable saving of energy.

The ICMA, 1100, thermostat control device can be installed on all thermostatic expansion valves of this line.

ICMA valves are supplied with the current manual control knob (for manual operation). The valves can be converted into thermostatic valves that function completely automatically by installing a thermostat control device.

To install the thermostat control device, simply remove the thermostatic expansion valve control knob and replace it with the 1100 thermostat control device. This is done with just a few easy operations. These are described in detail in the paragraph "Thermostat Control Device Installation and Regulation".



1100

ADJUSTMENT SCALE

Adjustment scale: * to 5
Temperature adjustment range: 7 to 28°C

The asterisk * indicates the freezing protection position, which corresponds to 7°C.

ADJUSTMENT SCALE						
0°C	7°C	12°C	16°C	20°C	24°C	28°C
0	*	1	2	3	4	5

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Performance

Minimum adjustment calibration (anti-freeze position):	ts min	7°C (*)
Maximum adjustment calibration (position):	ts max	28°C (5)
Saving condition (position):		20°C (3)
Maximum working pressure:	PN	1000 KPa
Maximum differential pressure:	Δp	100 KPa
Nominal capacity "qm N" (DP=10 KPa) angle-straight:	qm N	191 to 195 Kg/h
Maximum working temperature:		110°C
Maximum storage temperature:		50°C
Hysteresis:	C	0.25 K
Authority:	a	0.9
Response time:	Z	27 min
Differential pressure influence:	D	0,55 K
Water temperature influence:	W	0,6 K
Connection to thermostatic expansion valves:		M28x1.5

Thermostat control device conform with Standard: EN215

The thermostatic valve is fitted with manual adjustment handwheel (rotation)

Materials

Knob and stop ring:	RAL 9010 ABS White
Body and transmitter:	RAL 9010 PA6 30% F.V.
Sensor liquid:	Thermostatic ethyl-acetate
Connection ring:	CW614N Brass - UNI 12164 - Nickel-plated
Compensation pin:	CW614N Brass - UNI 12164
Compensation pin spring:	SH steel for springs - Phosphated

OPERATION

The thermostat head is made of a series of plastic parts containing a thermostatic component that is sensitive to temperature variations.

Operation of the thermostatic component is based on the expansion of the thermostatic liquid contained inside it:

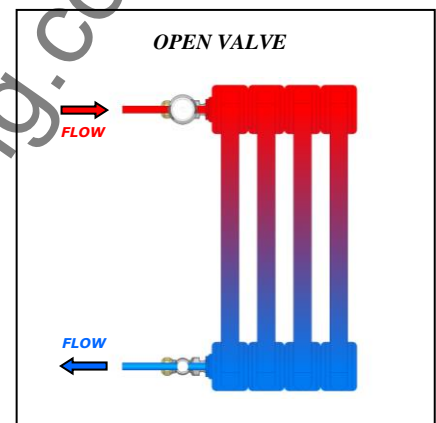
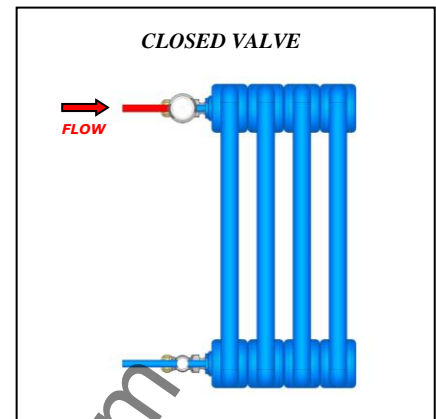
- when the ambient temperature rises, the thermostatic liquid increases in volume, resulting in the lengthening of the component;
- when the ambient temperature drops, the thermostatic liquid decreases in volume, resulting in the shortening of the component.

The variations in length of the thermostatic component are transmitted to the expansion valve obturator by a small steel rod. These movements constantly regulate the flow of the heat transfer fluid to the heating component so that the temperature set on the thermostat control device remains constant over time.

The thermostat control device components are specially made of plastic materials to prevent the valve heat and that irradiated by the heating component from being transmitted to the thermostatic component by contact or induction. This prevents possible malfunctions in the control device.

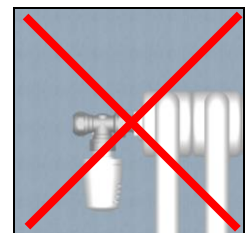
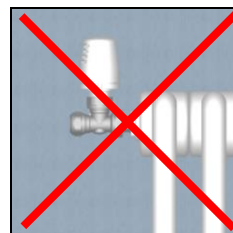
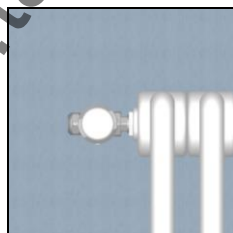
The thermostat control device temperature is regulated by turning the numbered knob and bringing the corresponding symbol to the desired temperature close to the head indicator (see the following paragraph for more details).

- Position 3 on the adjustment scale corresponds to an ambient temperature of 20°C. This is the recommended temperature for ensuring a comfortable environment and reduced heat consumption and costs.
- The asterisk “*” indicates the freezing protection position. When the thermostat control device is set to this position, the valve turns on only if the ambient temperature drops below 6°C. This setting is recommended when one is absent for long period of time during the winter months, or when one wishes to aerate the premises when outside temperatures are very low.



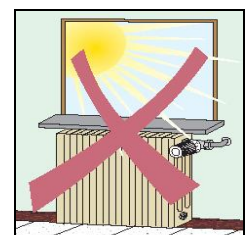
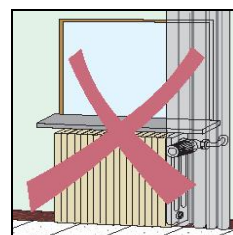
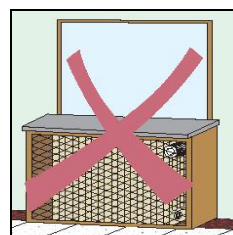
DIRECTION OF THERMOSTAT CONTROL DEVICE

The ICMA thermostat control devices should be installed in the horizontal position. Any other position could compromise their correct functioning.



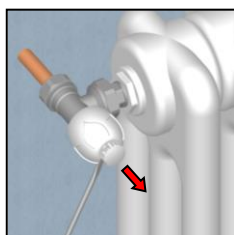
POSITIONING OF RADIATORS

The thermostat control devices should never be placed inside niches or radiator boxes, behind curtains or exposed to direct sunlight. These conditions could result in incorrect detection of the actual ambient temperature and compromise the proper functioning of the device.

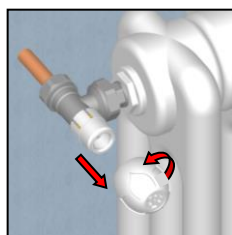


THERMOSTAT CONTROL DEVICE INSTALLATION AND REGULATION

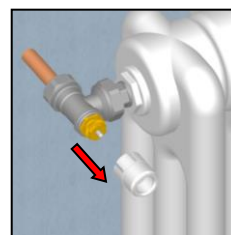
CONVERSION OF MANUAL VALVES TO THERMOSTATIC VALVES



Remove the protective cover from the knob using a small screwdriver.

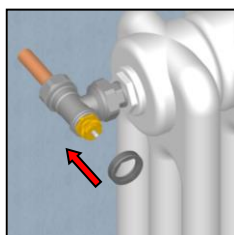


Turn the knob in the counter clockwise direction to remove it completely from the valve.

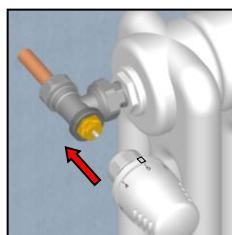


Unfasten the white adapter from the valve body by simultaneously pulling and bending it.

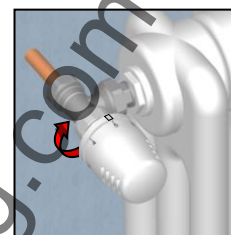
INSTALLATION OF THERMOSTAT CONTROL DEVICE



Mount the grey ring supplied with the thermostat control device on the valve body. Keep the hexagonal socket turned toward the operator.

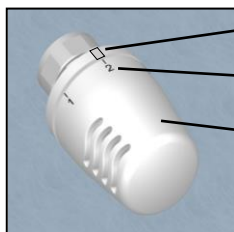


Set the control device to setting 5 and install the device on the valve body. Keep the indicator turned upward so that it is clearly visible.



Fasten the thermostat control device to the valve and screw the chrome-plated ring completely onto the grey ring. Tighten with suitable wrench.

TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT



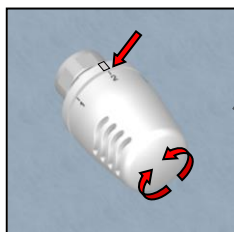
INDICATOR
ADJUSTMENT SCALE
KNOB

The knob indicates the numbers from 0 to 5, which correspond to specific temperatures (see the adjustment scale shown at side). Set the desired temperature simply by turning the knob to the corresponding number close to the indicator.

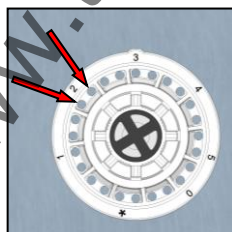
ADJUSTMENT SCALE

0°C	7°C	12°C	16°C	20°C	24°C	28°C
0	*	1	2	3	4	5

BLOCKING OF TEMPERATURE



Turn the thermostat control device knob to one of the setting numbers from 0 to 5 shown on the knob. Setting example on the n°2.

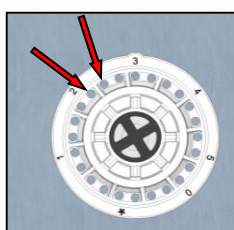


The same numbering is also indicated on the lower part of the device. Identify the hole before and the hole after the number set.

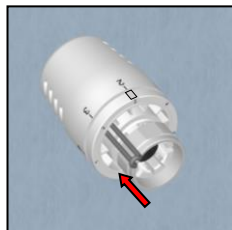


Insert the forked pin inside these two holes and push until completely inserted. The knob is now blocked at the desired setting.

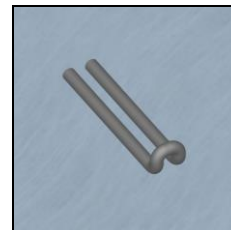
LIMITATION OF TEMPERATURE



In order to limit the temperature, simply identify the two holes located right after the number set.



Insert the forked pin inside these two holes and push until completely inserted. The knob can now be move from 0 to the number set.



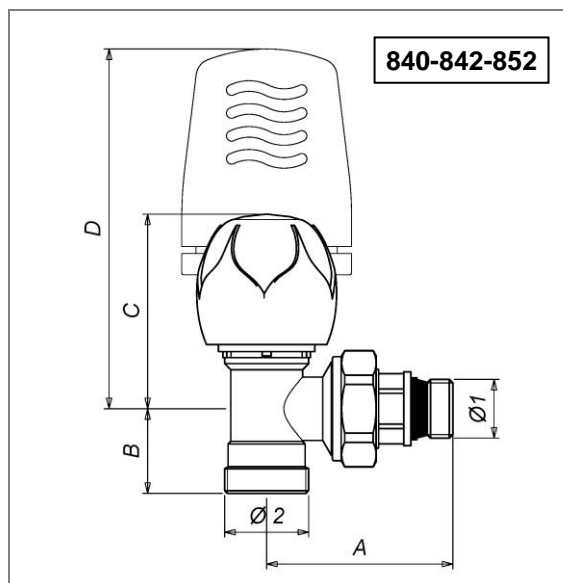
The forked pin is sold separately from the control device.

FORKED PIN CODE:

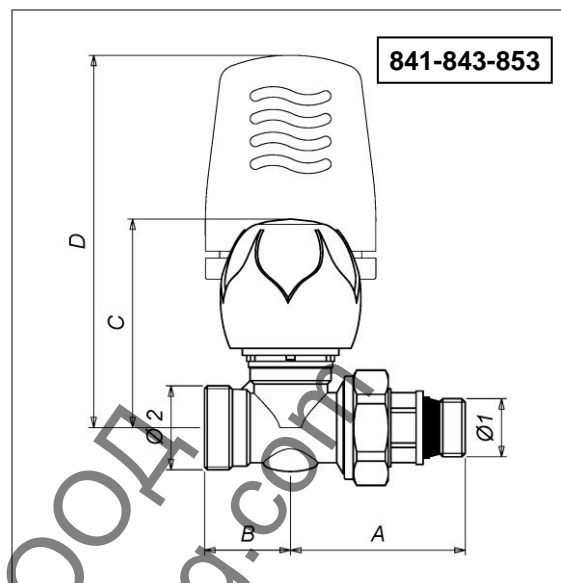
111100AC06

DIMENSIONS AND CODES ARTICLES

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES – COPPER, MULTI-LAYER, PE-X PIPE

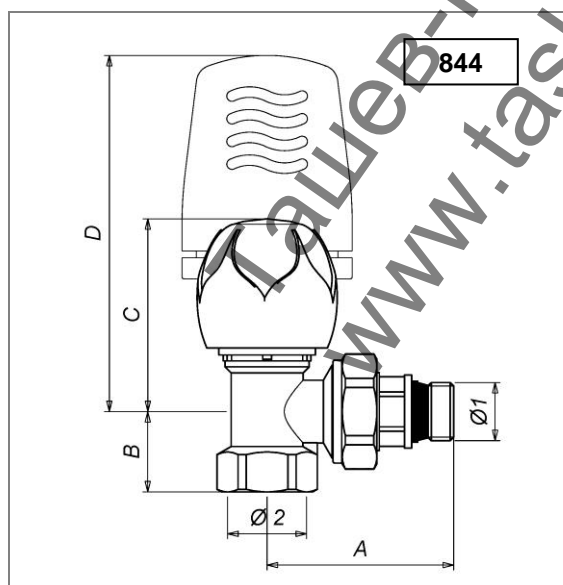


CODE	Ø1	Ø2	A	B	C	D
82840AC06	G3/8"	M24x1,5	53	24	55	107
82840AD06	G1/2"	M24x1,5	55	24	55	107
82842AC06	G3/8"	G1/2"	53	22	55	107
82842AD06	G1/2"	G1/2"	55	22	55	107
82852AC06	G3/8"	G3/4"	53	24	55	107
82852AD06	G1/2"	G3/4"	55	24	55	107

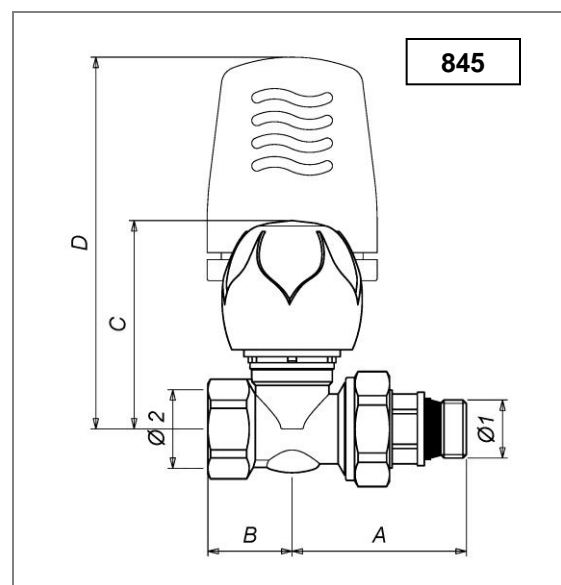


CODE	Ø1	Ø2	A	B	C	D
82841AC06	G3/8"	M24x1,5	50	24	60	112
82841AD06	G1/2"	M24x1,5	51	24	60	112
82843AC06	G3/8"	G1/2"	50	24	60	112
82843AD06	G1/2"	G1/2"	51	24	60	112
82853AC06	G3/8"	G3/4"	50	24	60	112
82853AD06	G1/2"	G3/4"	51	24	60	112

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES – IRON PIPE



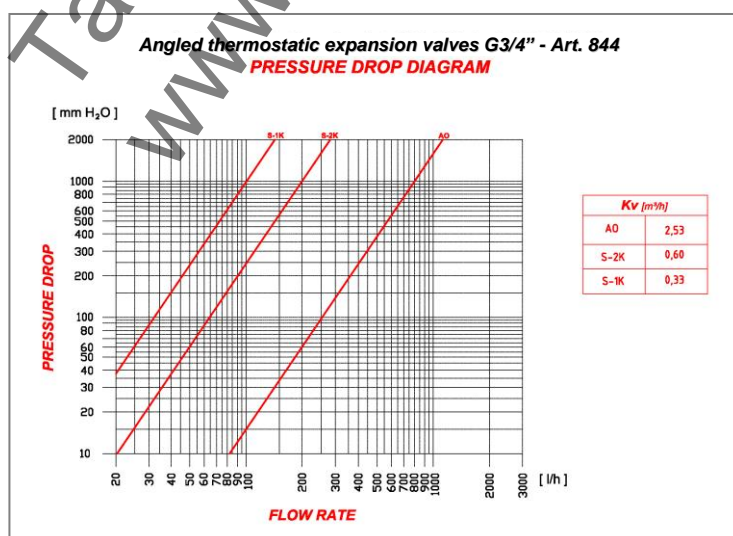
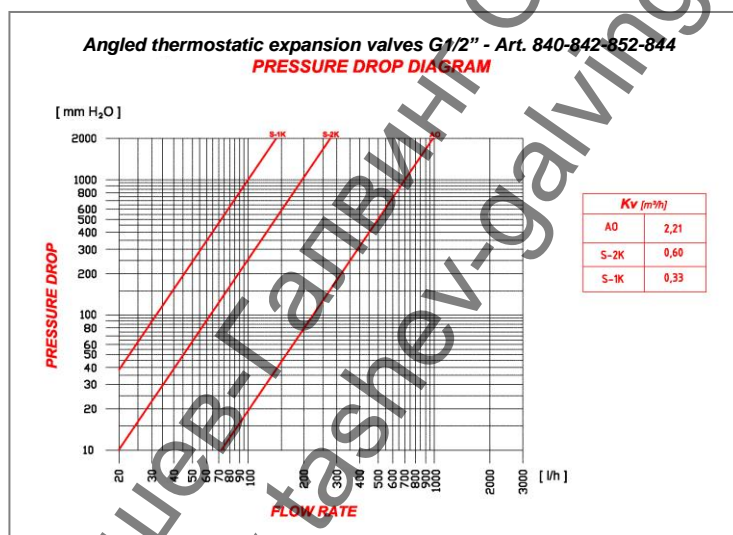
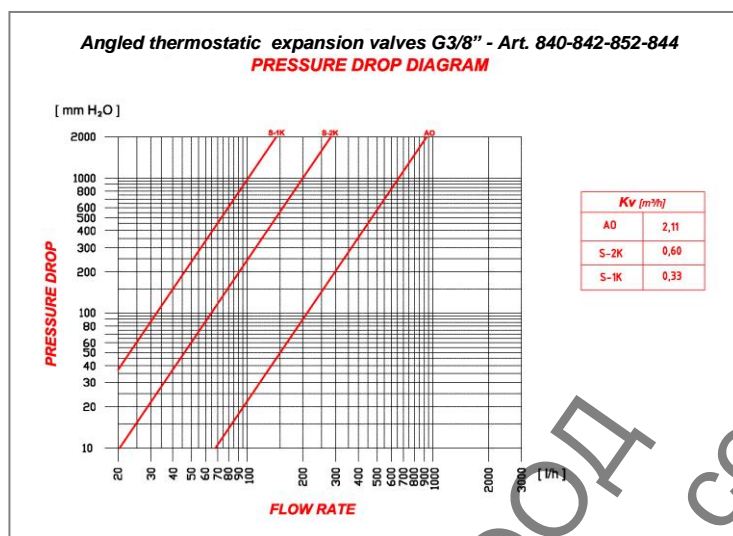
CODE	Ø1	Ø2	A	B	C	D
82844AC06	G3/8"	G3/8"	53	23	55	107
82844AD06	G1/2"	G1/2"	55	23	55	107
82844AE06	G3/4"	G3/4"	57	25	55	107



CODE	Ø1	Ø2	A	B	C	D
82845AC06	G3/8"	G3/8"	50	23	60	112
82845AD06	G1/2"	G1/2"	51	24	60	112
82845AE06	G3/4"	G3/4"	53	25	60	112

HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

ANGLED THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES



STRAIGHT THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES

